

Laboratory of
Analytical Chemistry

Department of Chemistry
University of Ioannina

Ioannina, Greece

Electrochemical Sensors and Biosensors Group

www.lac-sensor.lab.uoi.gr

Prof. Mamas I. Prodromidis



Premises

Our group occupies a space of about 120 m², which is consisted of two independent laboratories: The main laboratory (70 m²), and the “Screen-printing Unit” (52 m²) both located at the main building of the Department of Chemistry.



Laboratory



Screen-printing Unit

The laboratory



Frequency Response analyzer
Impedance Spectroscopy



Potentiostat – Galvanostat – LCR
(Cyclic) Voltammetry - Potentiometry



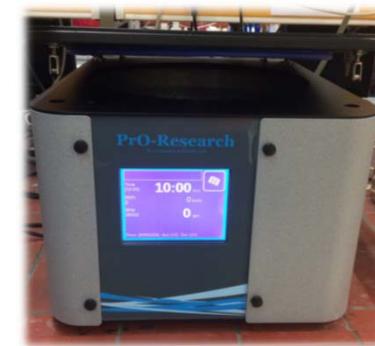
DLS - Malvern



Quartz Crystal Microbalance (QCM)



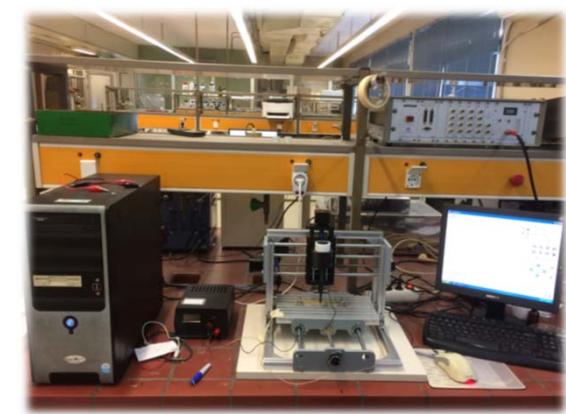
Stereoscope – 680x



Centrifuge – 10k rpm



Ultrasonic probe 200 W
Exfoliation of layered materials

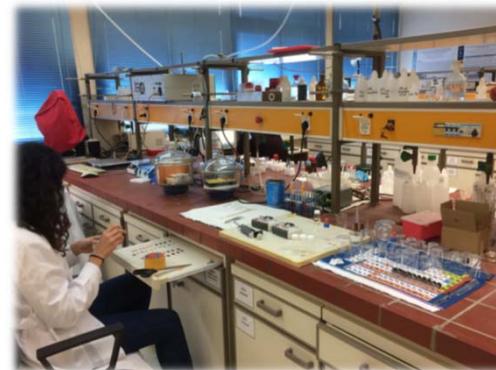


3D-Electric Discharge Unit
Topospecific generation of nanoparticles

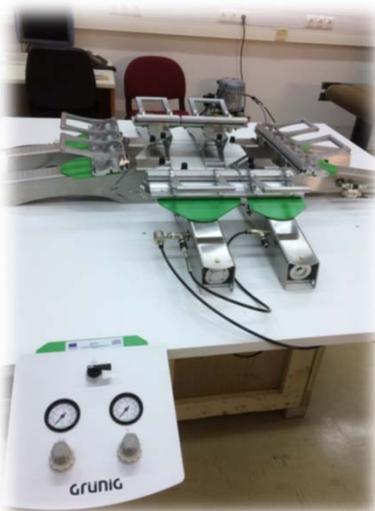


INSTITUTE OF
MATERIALS SCIENCE
AND COMPUTING

The laboratory



Screen-printing Unit



Pneumatic mesh stretching table



Exposure unit (UV)



Screen-printer with laser automatic alignment



IR-belt oven

Screen-printing Unit – casting of thin films



Automatic wet-film applicator (1-50 mil), Temp. 180 °C



Planetary de-foaming mixing unit

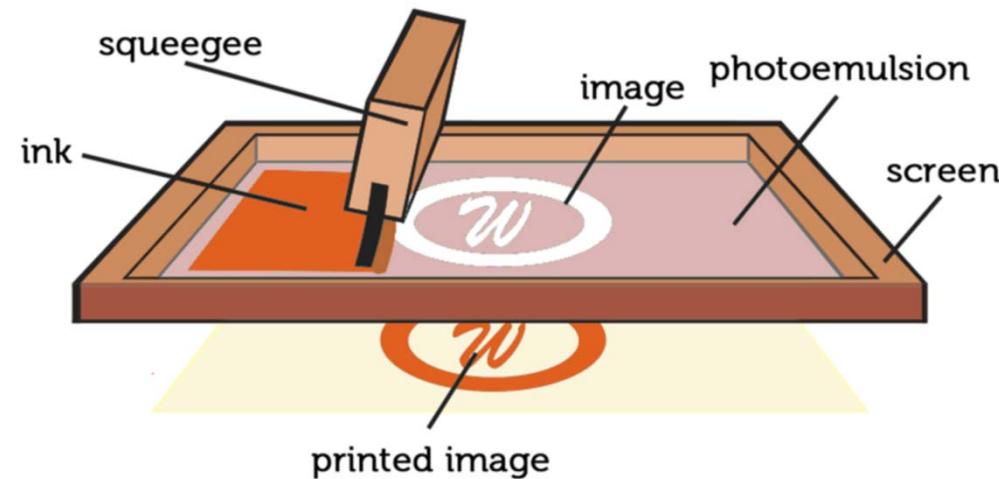


Thickness meter (0.1 μm)



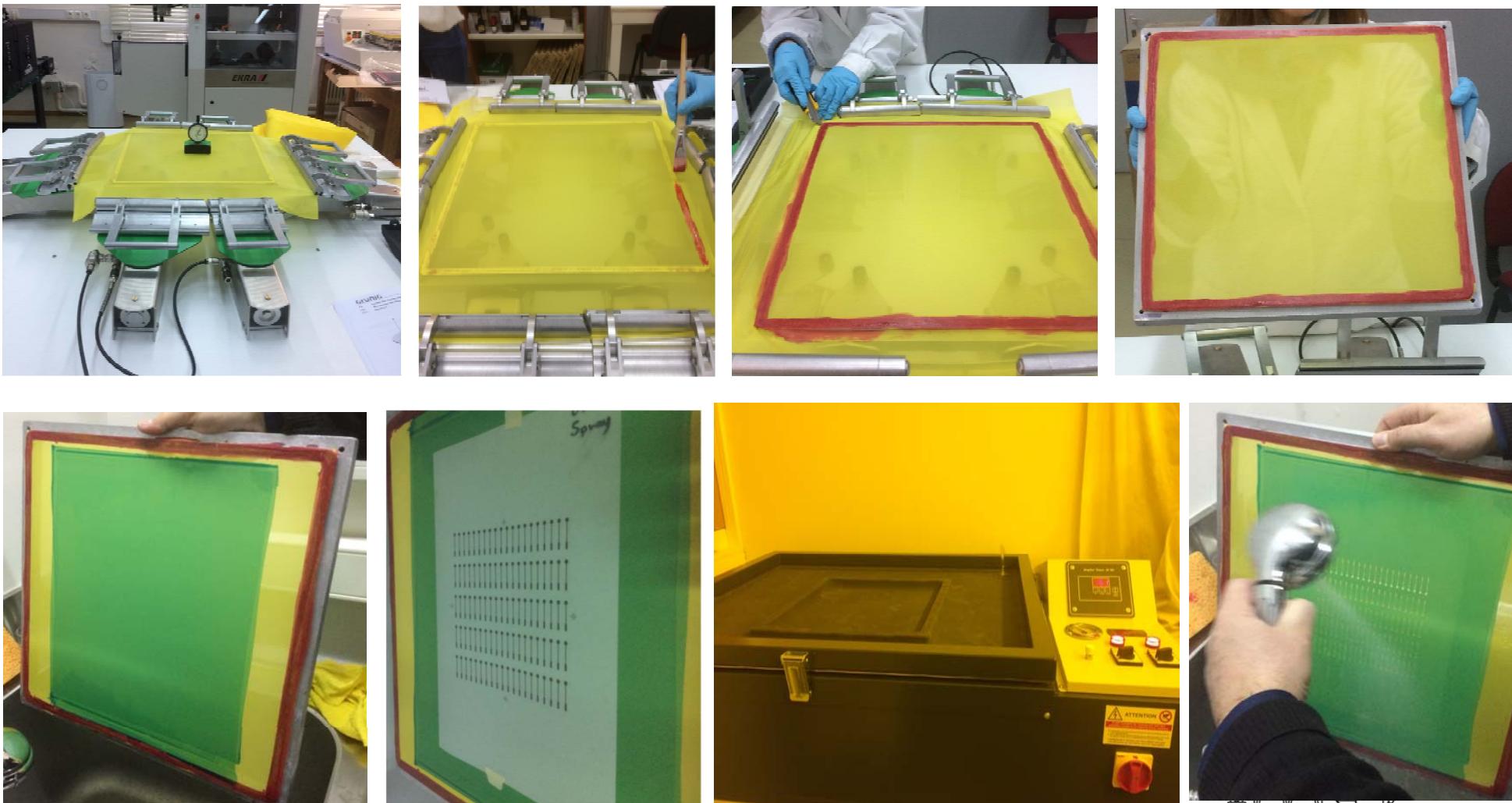
Incubator (0-50 °C)

Screen-printing: Principle of operation



The ink is driven under pressure through a screen (mask), passes through the holes (image) made over a photosensitive layer, and so it printed-out over a substrate located underneath the screen.

Preparation of screens



Research interest

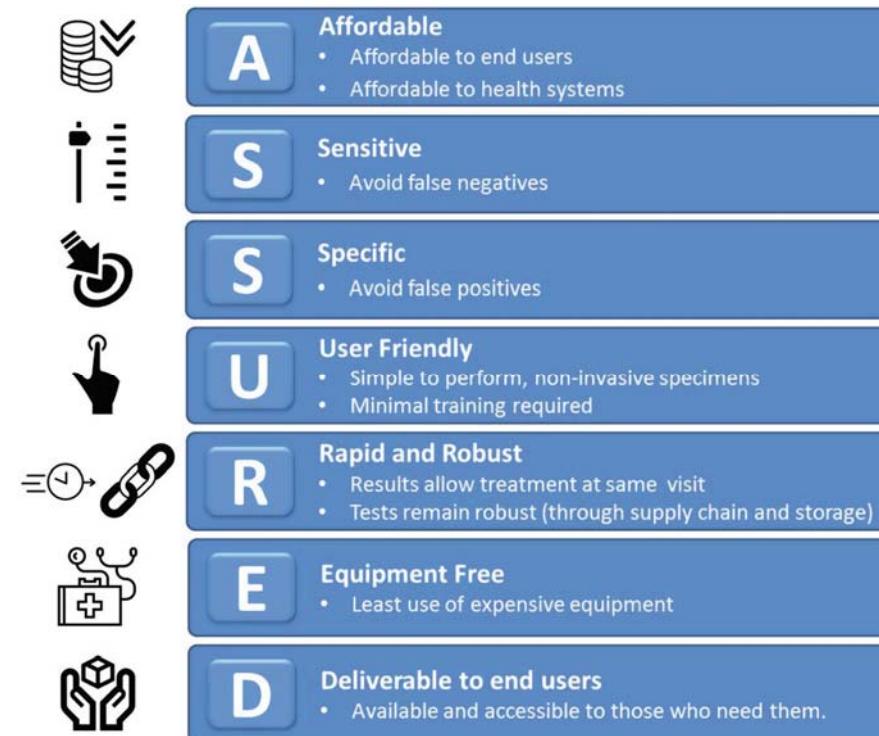
Our group is integrated within the area of Chemical Sensors and Biosensors and its main research interests include the development of enzyme biosensors, impedimetric biosensors, the design, development and fabrication of disposable electrochemical cells for application in clinical, food and environmental chemistry, the generation of metal nanoparticles with "green" methods, bipolar electrochemistry as well as the development of portable analytical devices for point-of-care applications.

- ✓ Point-of-care medical diagnostic devices
- ✓ Responsive polymer film-based biosensors
- ✓ Immobilization of enzymes and antibodies
- ✓ Voltammetric biosensors
- ✓ Impedimetric chemical sensors, immunosensors and gas-phase sensors
- ✓ "Green" generation of metal or graphite nanomaterials by spark discharge
- ✓ Production and electrocatalysis with 2D nanosheets (ILMs)
- ✓ Screen-Printed electrochemical cells
- ✓ Bipolar electrochemistry

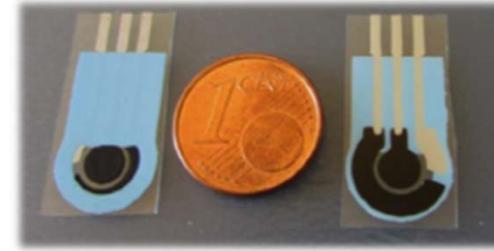
Analysis & Diagnostics: The way forward

The “ASSURED” criteria set by the World Health Organization is a top priority in medical, food and environmental diagnostic sector.

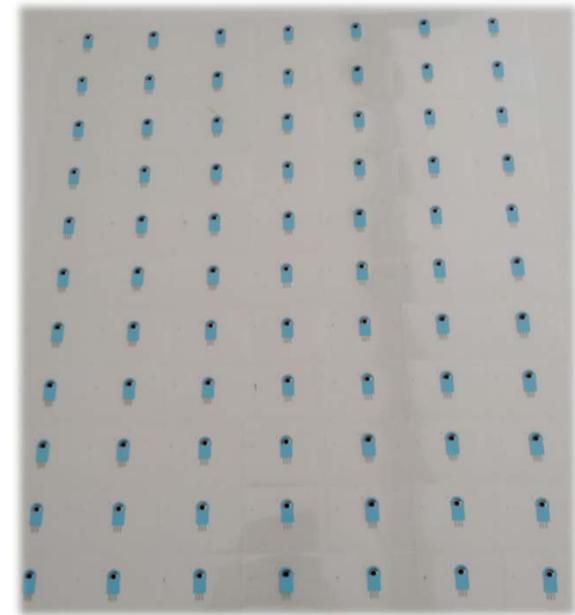
Target: The development of inexpensive devices allowing reliable measurements to be conducted by non-trained users outside a laboratory facility



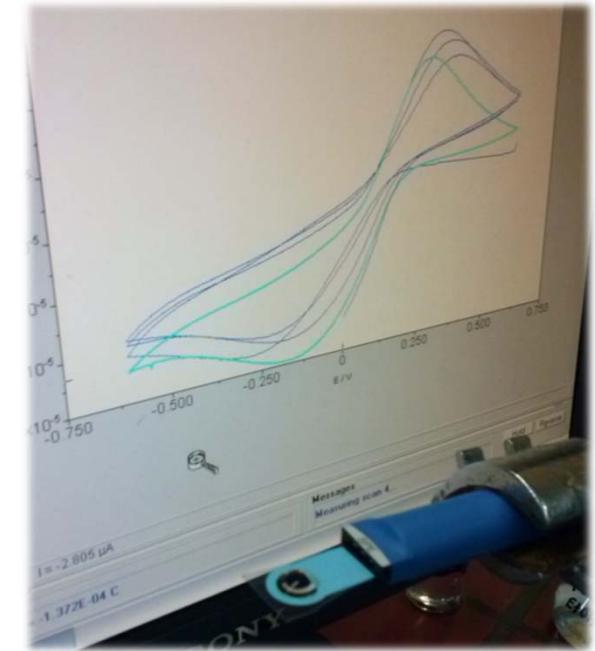
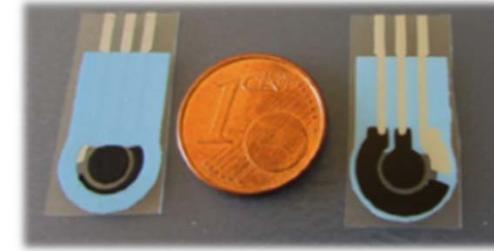
Miniaturization



Miniaturization – mass production of low-cost disposable sensors



Drop-volume measurements



All-screen-printed electrodes integrating permanent bonded magnets

Electrochimica Acta 360 (2020) 136981



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Electrochimica Acta

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/electacta



All-screen-printed graphite sensors integrating permanent bonded magnets. Fabrication, characterization and analytical utility



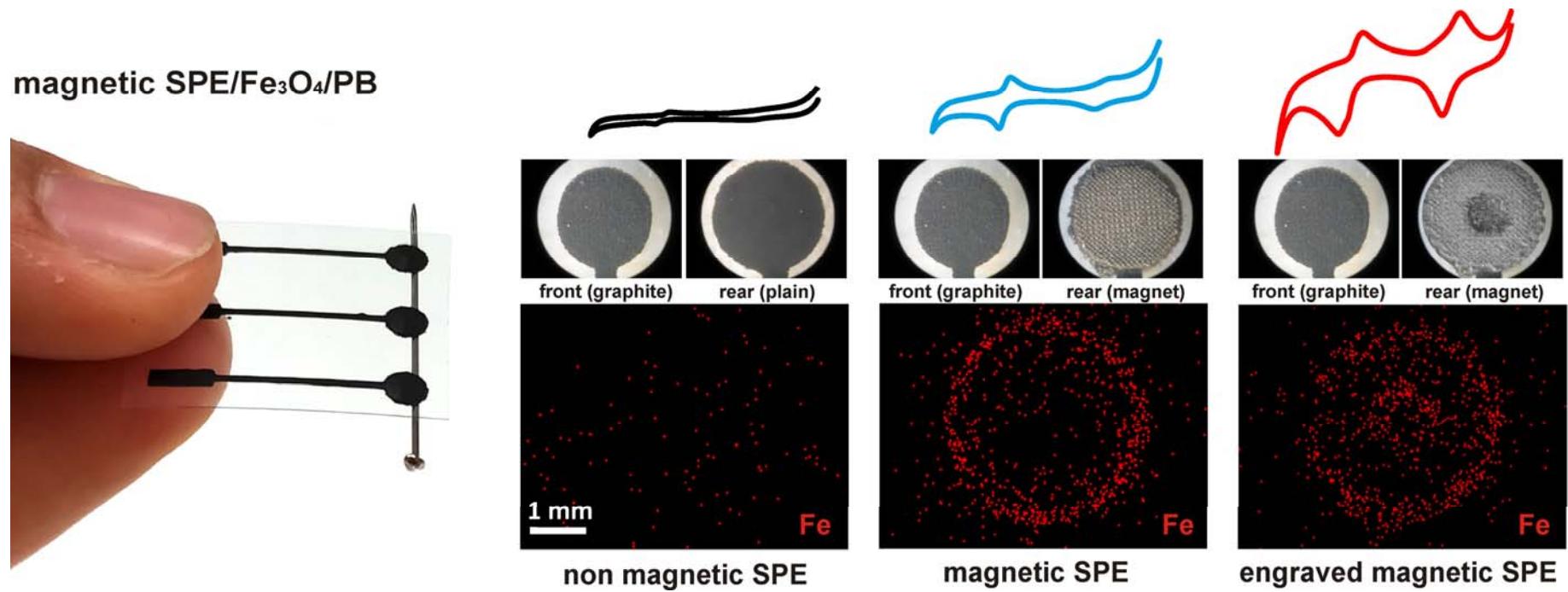
Anastasios V. Papavasileiou^a, Ioannis Panagiotopoulos^{b,c}, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,c,*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, University of Ioannina (UoI), Ioannina 45110, Greece

^bDepartment of Material Science and Engineering, UoI, Ioannina 45110, Greece

^cInstitute of Materials Science and Computing, University Research Center of Ioannina (URCI), 45110, Ioannina, Greece

All-screen-printed electrodes integrating permanent bonded magnets



Research Outputs & Prototypes: Portable potentiostat



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



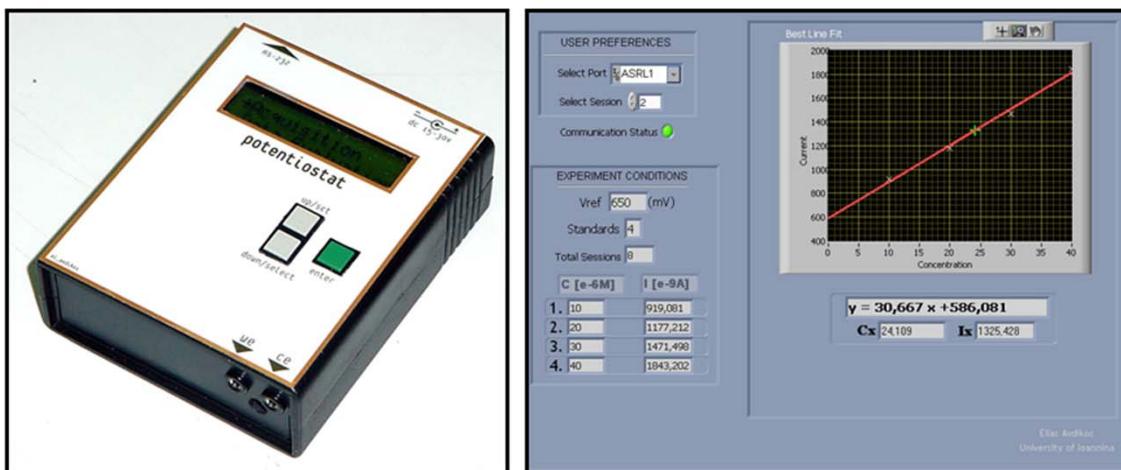
Sensors and Actuators B 107 (2005) 372–378



www.elsevier.com/locate/snb

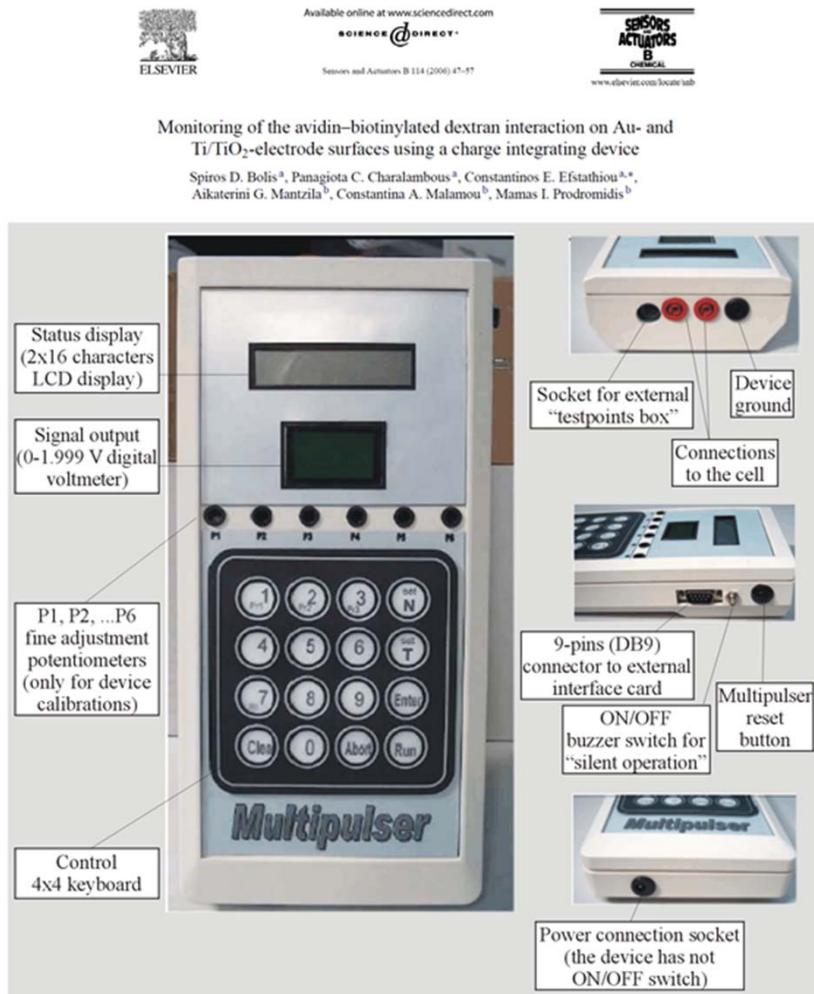
Construction and analytical applications of a palm-sized
microcontroller-based amperometric analyzer

Elias M. Avdikos^a, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}, Constantinos E. Efstathiou^b



1

Research Outputs & Prototypes: Portable charge (capacitance or impedance) meter

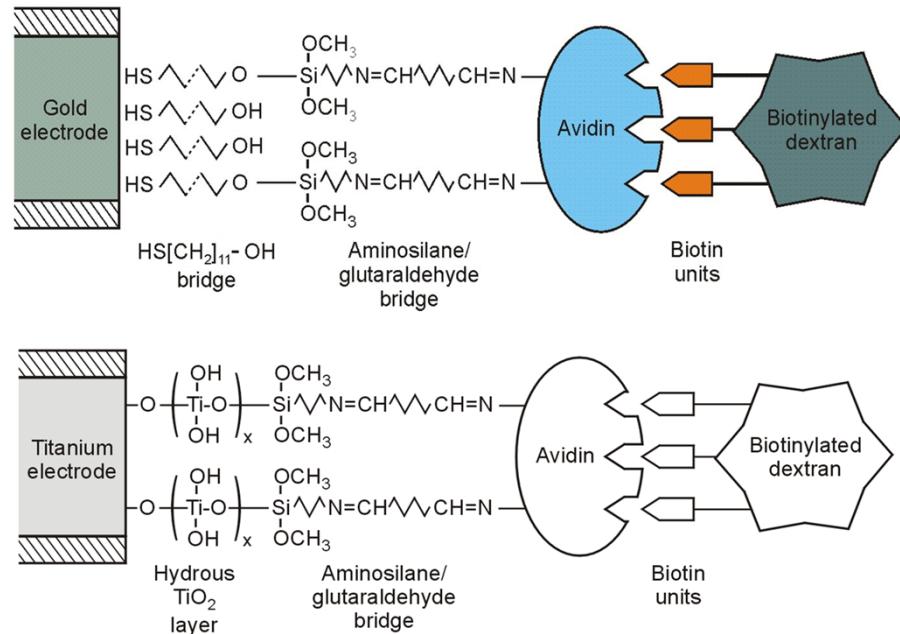


Available online at www.sciencedirect.com
 SCIENCE @ DIRECT[®]
 Sensors and Actuators B 114 (2006) 47–57
www.elsevier.com/locate/snb

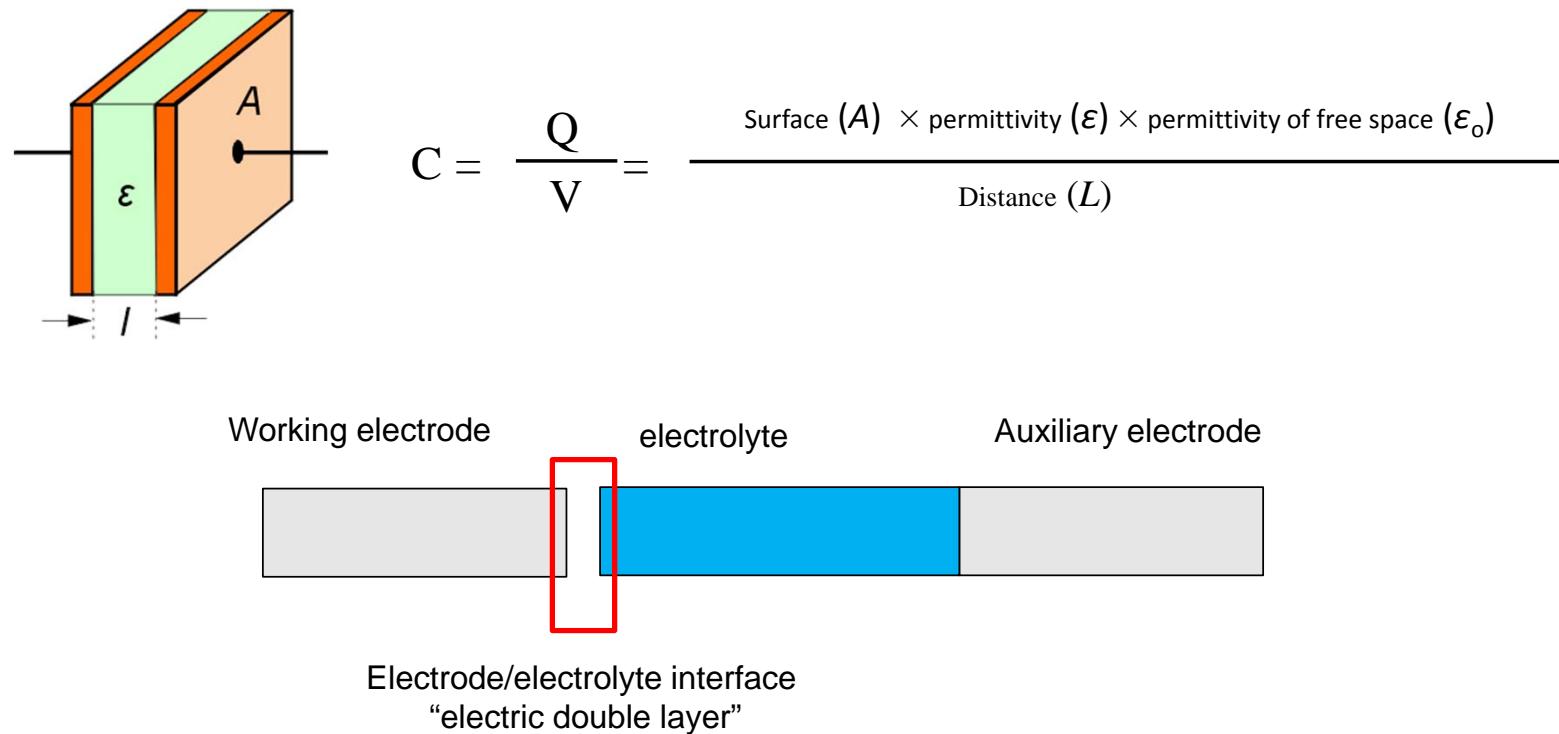
SENSORS
 ACTUATORS
 B
 CHEMICAL

Monitoring of the avidin-biotinylated dextran interaction on Au- and Ti/TiO₂-electrode surfaces using a charge integrating device

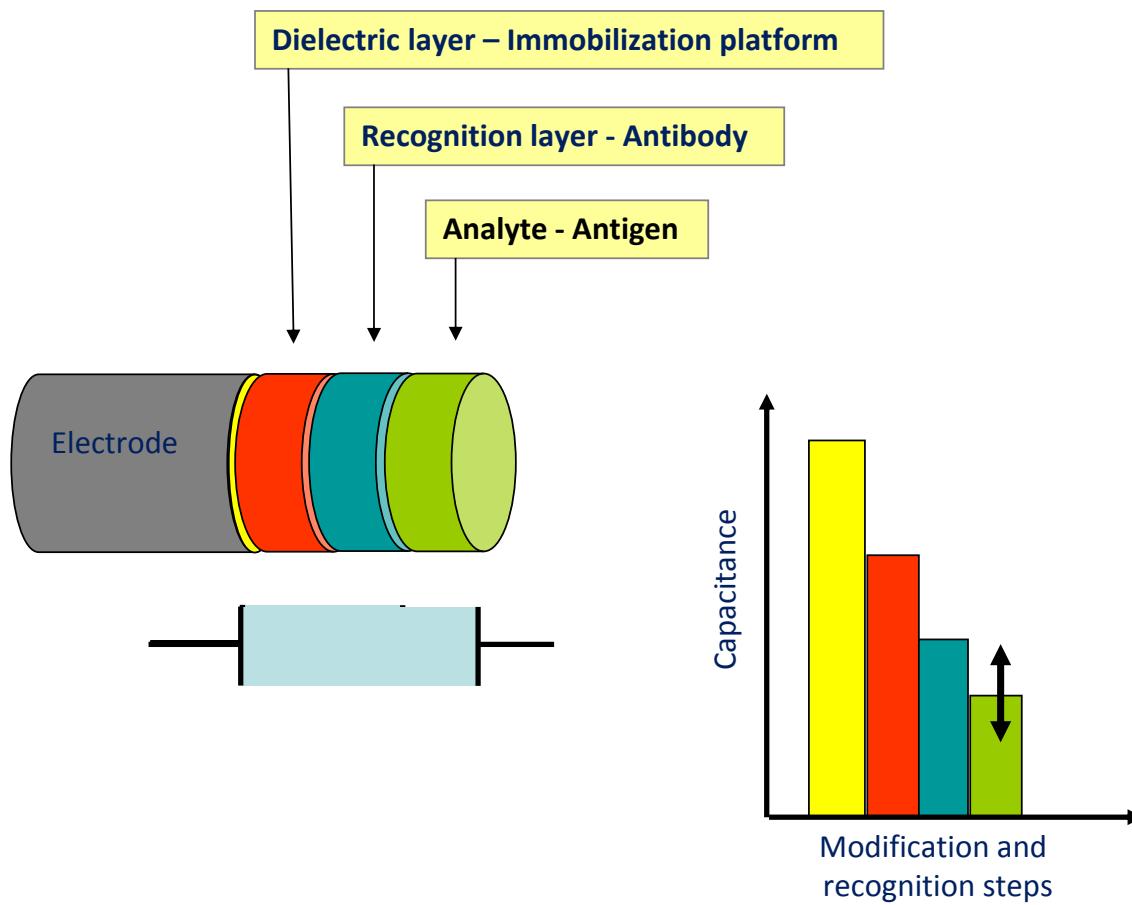
Spiros D. Bolis^a, Panagiota C. Charalambous^a, Constantinos E. Efstathiou^{a,*}, Aikaterini G. Mantzila^b, Constantina A. Malamou^b, Mamas I. Prodromidis^b



The model of a biochemical capacitor



The model of a biochemical capacitor

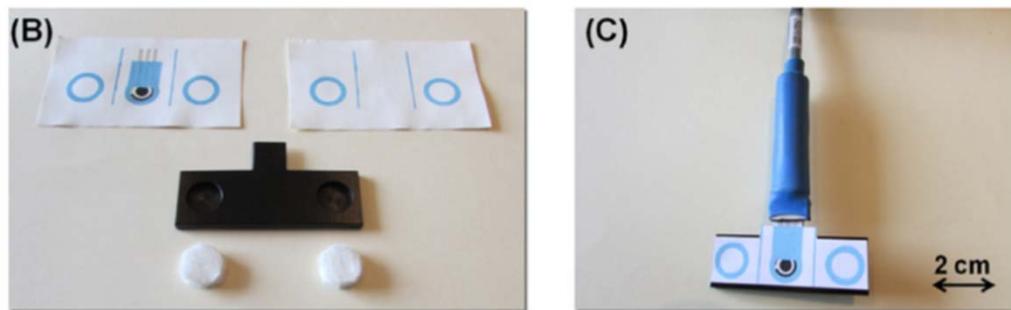


Research Outputs & Prototypes: Paper-based biosensor for goat milk adulteration

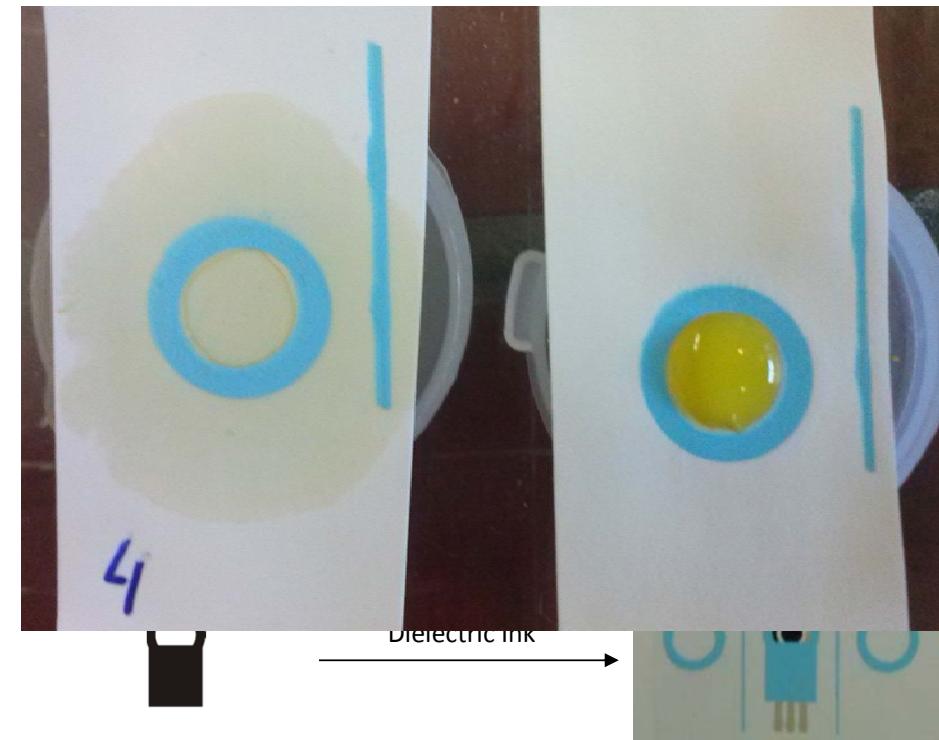


Lab-on-a-Membrane Foldable Devices for Duplex Drop-Volume Electrochemical Biosensing Using Quantum Dot Tags

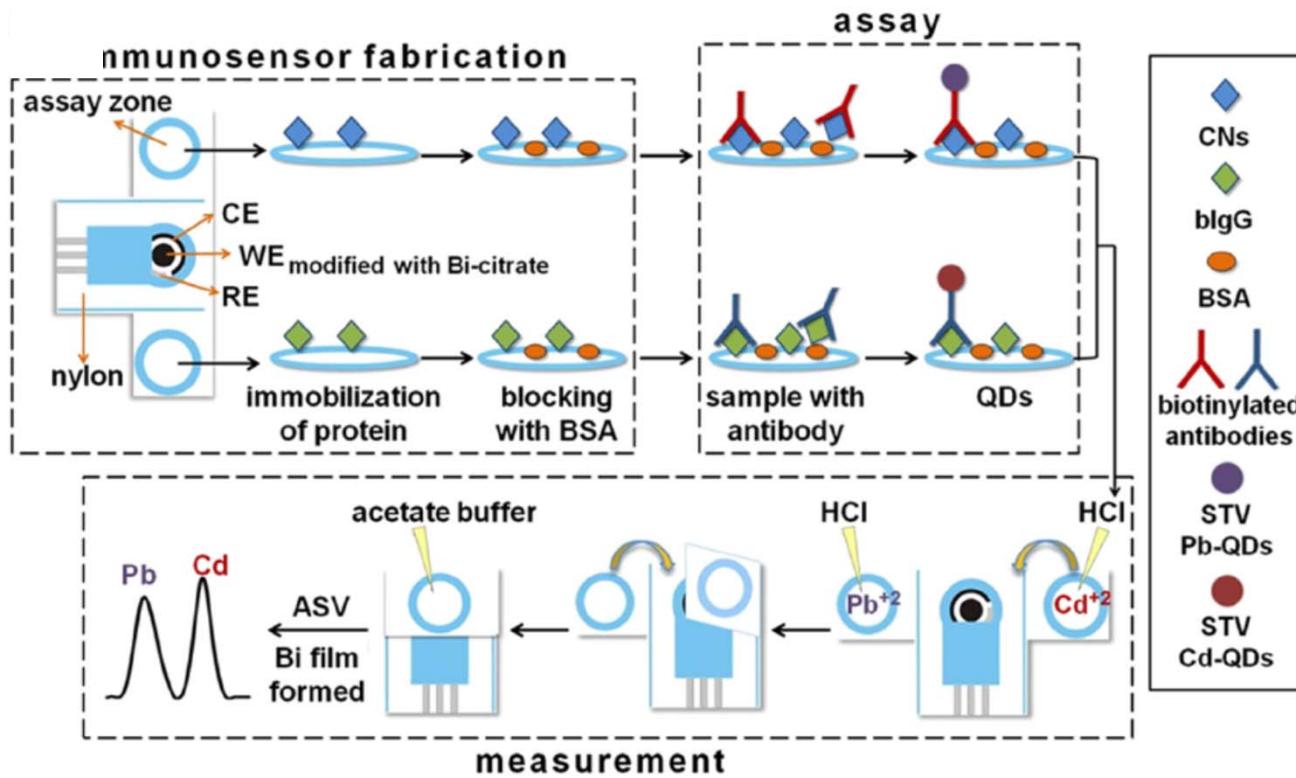
Christos Kokkinos,^{✉,†} Michailia Angelopoulou,[§] Anastasios Economou,^{✉,†} Mamas Prodromidis,[✉] Ageliki Florou,[‡] Willem Haasnoot,[§] Panagiota Petrou,[§] and Sotirios Kakabakos[§]



(B) Photograph of both sides of the membrane and of the PVC holder along with the hydrophilic tabs used for the collection of the liquid waste. (C) Photograph of the complete device (membrane mounted on the PVC holder) plugged into the cable connecting to the potentiostat.



Research Outputs & Prototypes: Paper-based biosensor for goat milk adulteration



Schematic illustration of the duplex protein immunosensing, including the biofunctionalization of the assay zones, the steps of competitive immunossays and the ASV detection.

Markers for goat milk adulteration

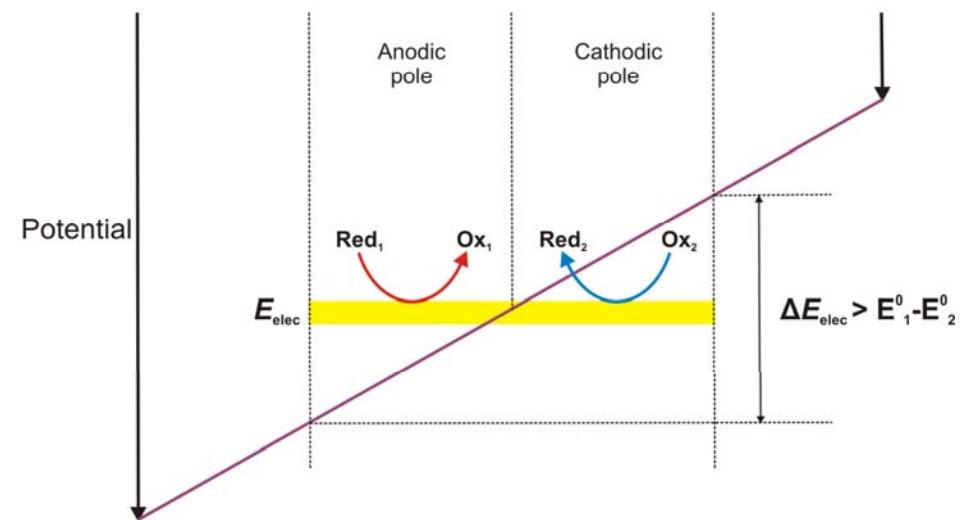
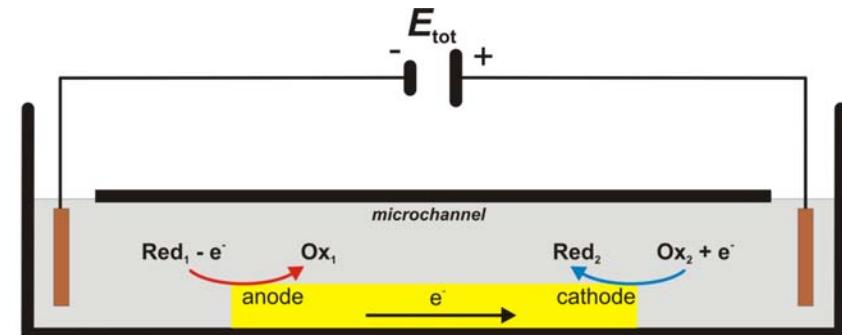
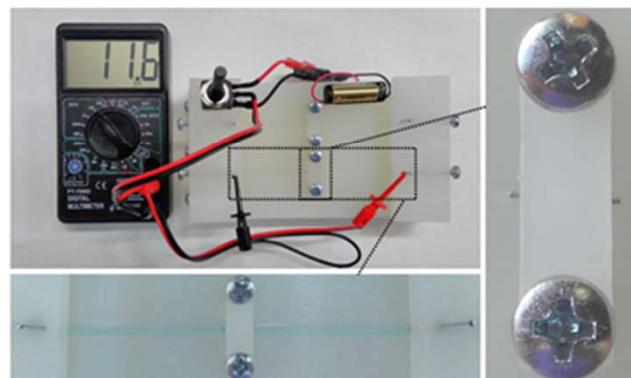
CNs : bovine milk caseins; bIgG : bovine immunoglobulin G

Research Outputs & Prototypes: Bipolar electrochemistry



Bipolar electrochemical detection of reducing compounds based on visual observation of a metal electrodeposited track at the onset driving voltage

Antonios P. Hadjixenidis^a, Jan Hrbac^b, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}

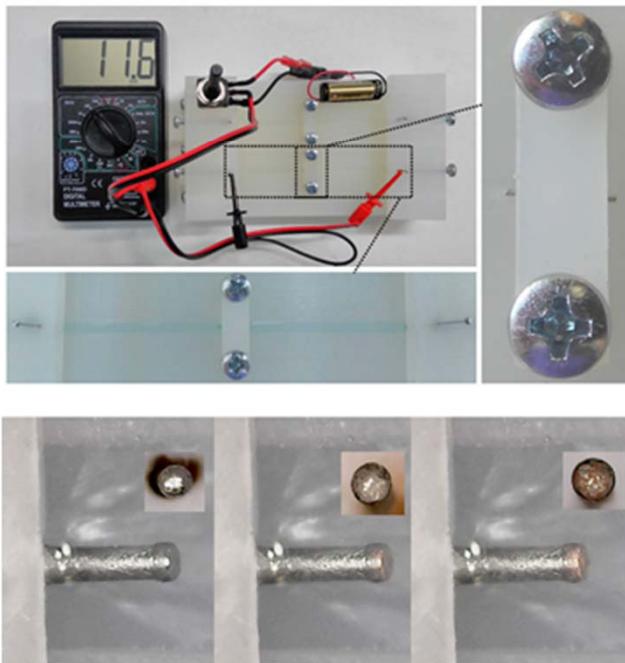


Research Outputs & Prototypes: Bipolar electrochemistry



Bipolar electrochemical detection of reducing compounds based on visual observation of a metal electrodeposited track at the onset driving voltage

Antonios P. Hadjixenidis^a, Jan Hrbac^b, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}



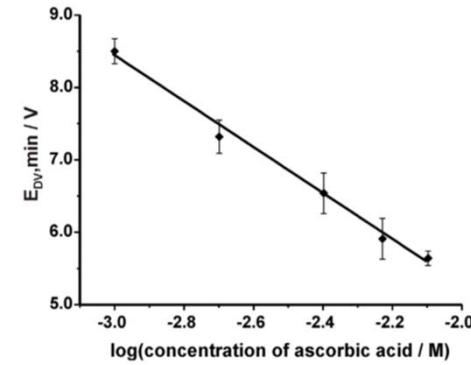
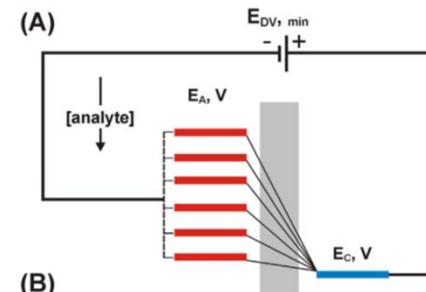
$$\text{Minimum Driving Voltage } (E_{DV,min}) = K (E_A - E_C)$$

$$E_A = [E^0_{(O_2, H_2O)} - \frac{0.05916}{4} \log \frac{1}{[H^+]^4}] + \eta_A \quad E_C = [E^0_{(Cu^{(II)}/Cu^{(0)})} - \frac{0.05916}{2} \log \frac{1}{[Cu^{2+}]}] - \eta_C$$

(in the absence of any reducing compound)

$$E_A = [E^0_{(AA/DHA)} - \frac{0.05916}{2} \log \frac{[AA]}{[DHA]}] + \eta_A$$

(in the presence of, for example, ascorbic acid, AA. (DHA, dehydroascorbic acid)).



Research Outputs & Prototype: Determination of total antioxidant capacity



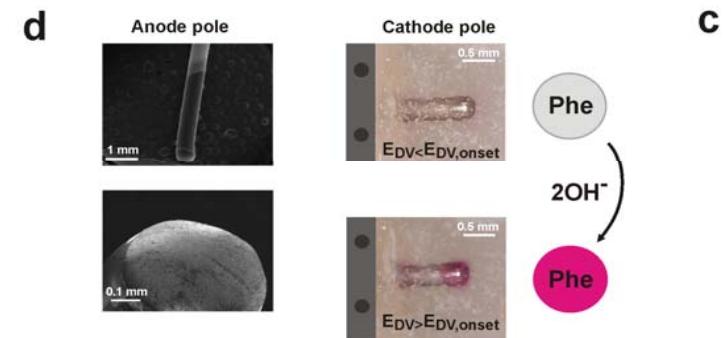
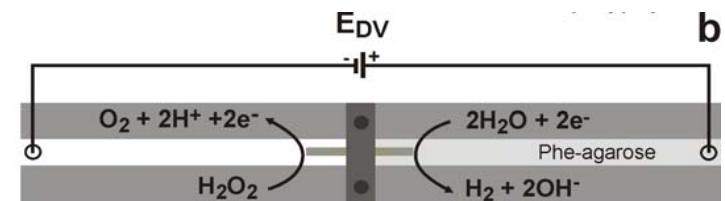
Short communication

A compact bipolar electrochemistry device utilizing a liquid free catholyte and eye visual indication of the reporting event for the determination of antioxidant capacity in real-world samples

Antonios P. Hadjixenidis^a, Jan Hrbac^b, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}

^a Department of Chemistry, University of Ioannina, Ioannina, 451 10, Greece

^b Department of Chemistry, Masaryk University, Brno, 625 00, Czech Republic



Research Outputs & Prototypes: 3D-spark discharge nanoparticle generator

Electrochimica Acta 304 (2019) 292–300



Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

Electrochimica Acta

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/electacta



Extended coverage of screen-printed graphite electrodes by spark discharge produced gold nanoparticles with a 3D positioning device. Assessment of sparking voltage-time characteristics to develop sensors with advanced electrocatalytic properties



Maria G. Trachioti ^a, Eleni I. Tzianni ^a, Daniel Rimann ^b, Jana Jurmanova ^c,
Mamas I. Prodromidis ^{a,*}, Jan Hrbac ^{b,d,**}

^a Department of Chemistry, University of Ioannina, Ioannina, 451 10, Greece

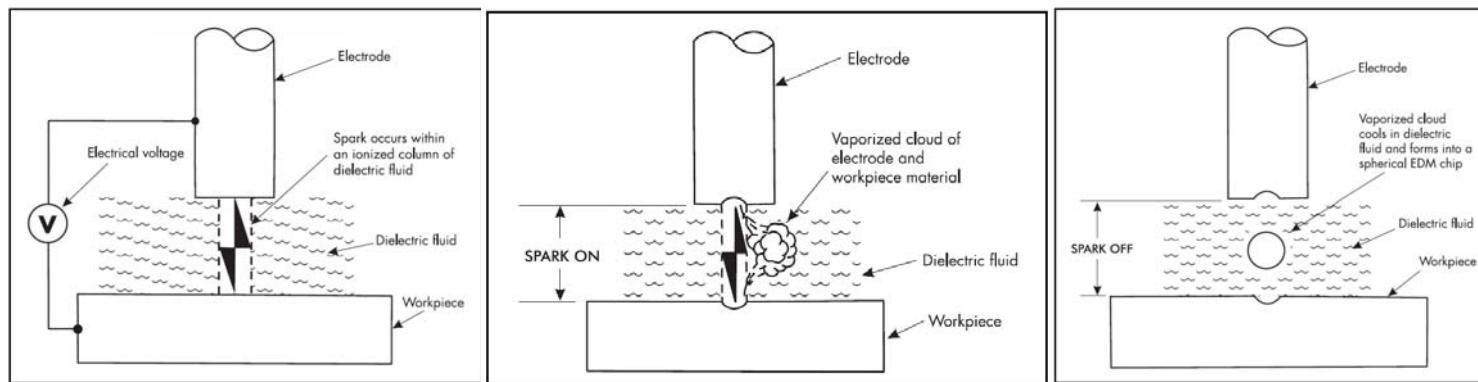
^b Department of Analytical Chemistry, Palacky University, Faculty of Science, 17. listopadu 12, CZ-771 46, Olomouc, Czech Republic

^c Department of Physical Electronics, Masaryk University, Kotlarska 2, 611 37, Brno, Czech Republic

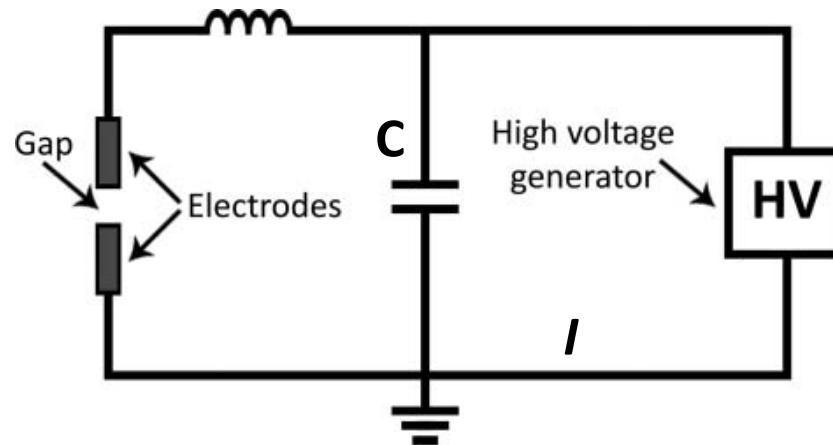
^d Institute of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Masaryk University, Kamenice 5, 625 00, Brno, Czech Republic

Research Outputs & Prototypes: 3D-spark discharge nanoparticle generator

- High voltage between two conductors (and to a neutral gas between them)
- Electric breakdown (flow of current through the electric insulator)
- Formation of a conductive plasma (electrons, ionized species) column
- Development of high temperatures (> 20000 K) at the sparking point.
- Erosion of both materials (conductors) – melted and evaporated particles
- Formation of a vaporized cloud
- Cooling process & formation of nanoparticles



3D-spark discharge nanoparticle generator: The basics of the electrical system



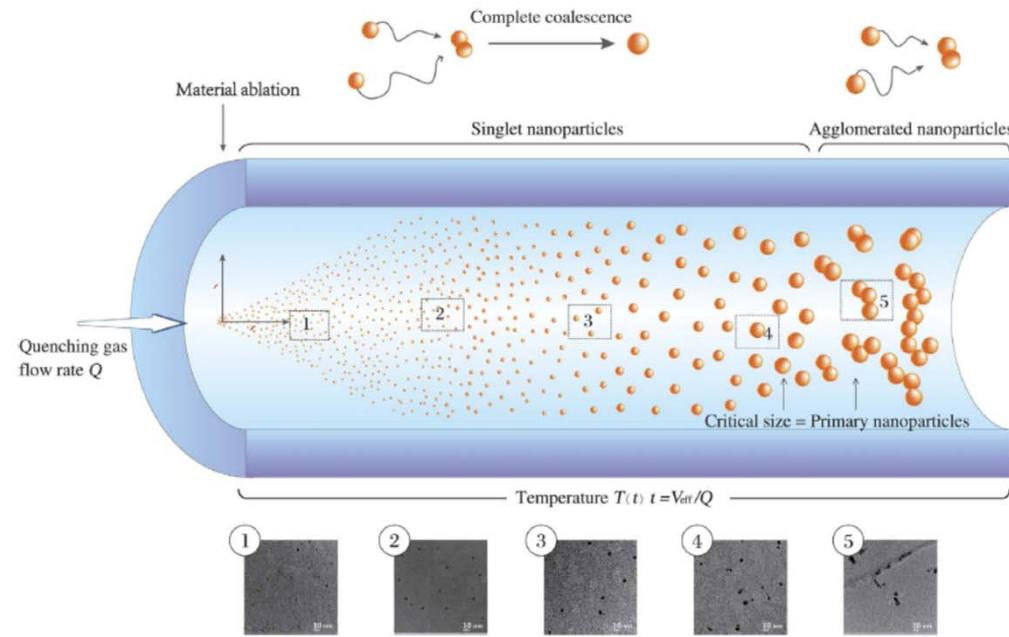
$$E = \frac{1}{2} CV_d^2$$

The capacitance (C) is also related to the energy (E) of the spark.

$$f = \frac{I}{CV_d}$$

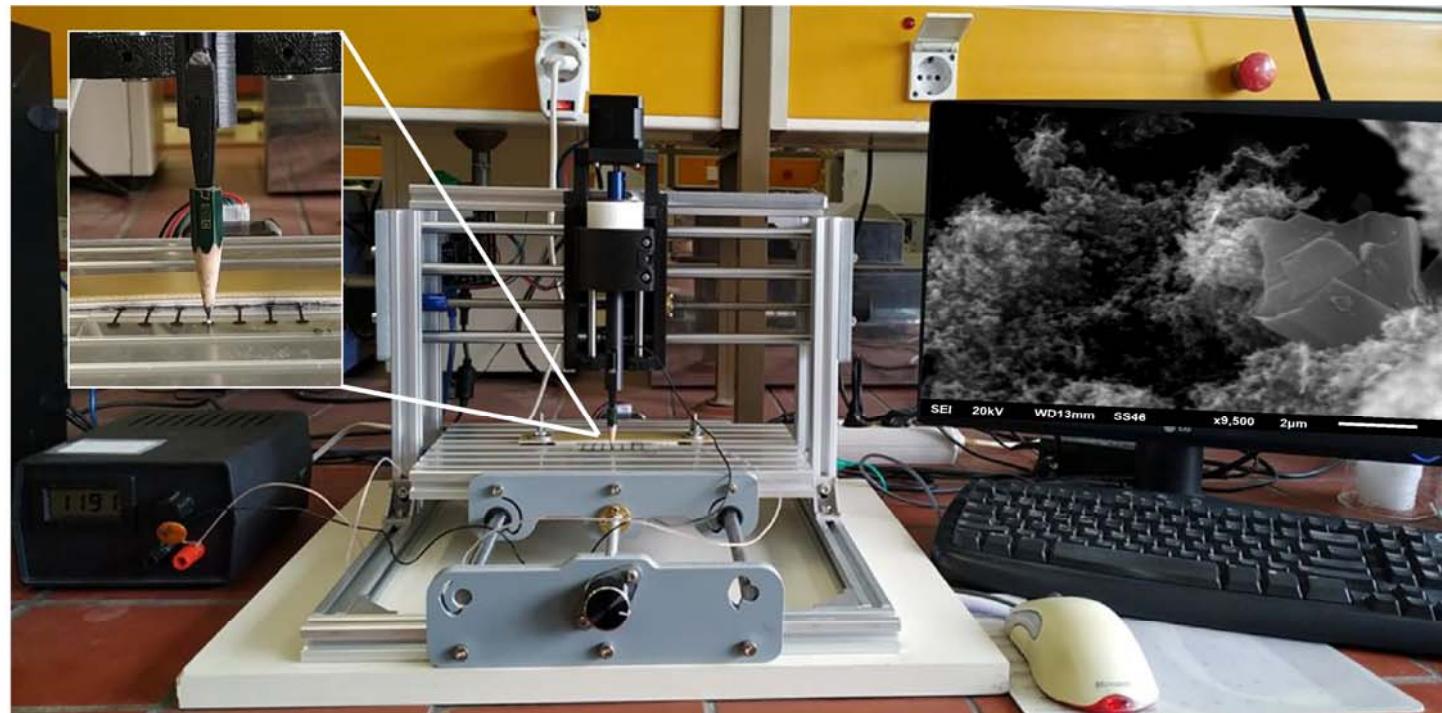
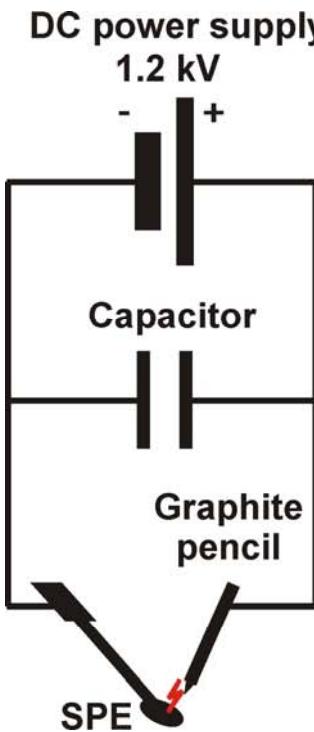
The frequency (f) of the spark is controlled by the charging current (I) of the capacitor; C , capacitance; V_d , discharge voltage

Wide scope of applicability, tunable size of NPs, controllable composition

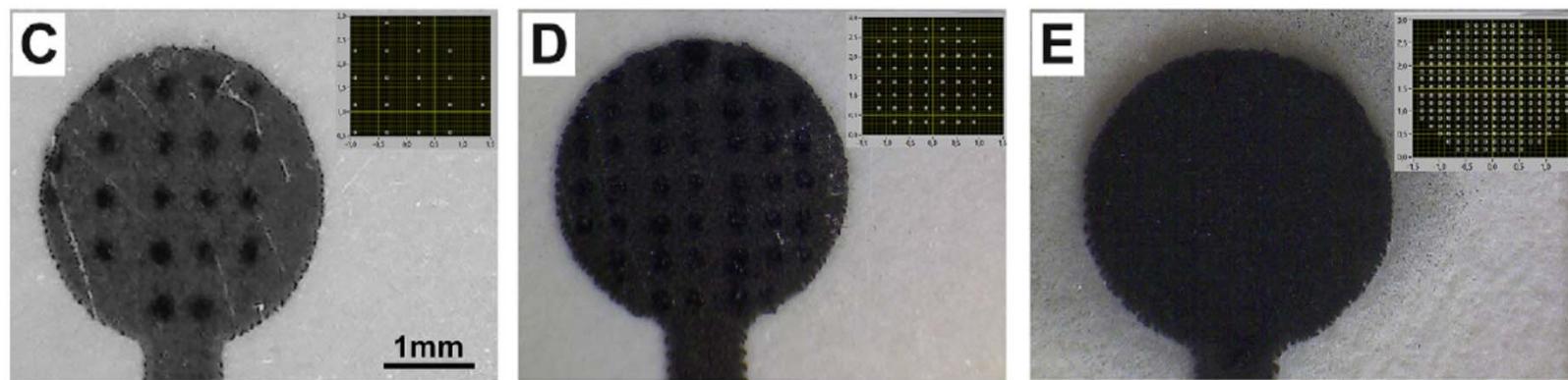
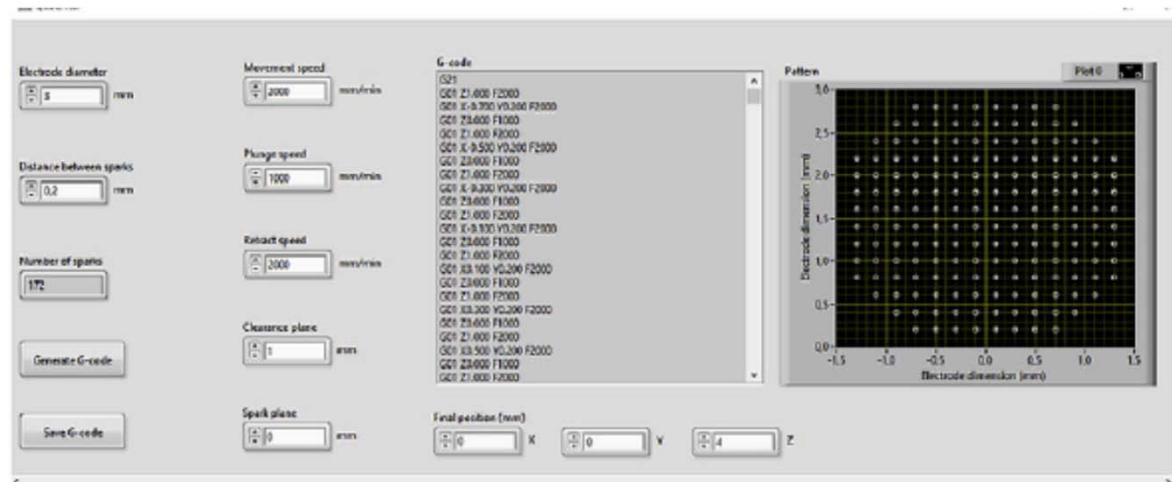


- ✓ In the case of **alloyed electrodes**, the relative concentration of the elements in the nanoparticulate sample was consistent with the electrode composition.
- ✓ When using electrodes of **different metals** the individual nanoparticles showed a range of mixing ratios.
- ✓ Applicable to all metals and semi contactors.

In-situ, pin-to-substrate 3D-spark discharge nanoparticle generator



Toposelective modification of the electrode surface



Works made in our lab

Sparked (single or mixed) metal or graphite nanomaterial-modified SPEs can be prepared on-demand, even on-site, within a few minutes or even seconds, through a totally green and solution-free methodology that requires only the respective metal/alloy/carbon wire and a power supply. Sensors based of various nanomaterials, such as **Bi** [1,2], **Cu**, **Ni** and **alloyed Cu/Ni** [3], **Sn** [4], **Au** or **Au/Si** [5,6], **Fe** [7], **Mo** [8] and **C** [9] nanomaterials have been developed.

References

- [1] D. Riman, D. Jirovsky, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Electrochim. Commun.* 50 (2015) 20.
- [2] D. Riman, A. Avgeropoulos, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Electrochim. Acta* 165 (2015) 410.
- [3] D. Riman, K. Spyrou, A.E. Karantzalis, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Talanta* 165 (2017) 466.
- [4] M. Trachioti, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Sens. Actuators B* 260 (2018)1076.
- [5] M. Trachioti, A. Karantzalis, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Sens. Actuators B* 281(2019) 273.
- [6] M. Trachioti, E. Tzianni, D. Riman, J. Jurmanova, M. Prodromidis, J. Hrbac, *Electrochim. Acta* 304 (2019) 292.
- [7] F. Tseliou, P. Pappas, K. Spyrou, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Biosens. Bioelectron.* 132 (2019)136.
- [8] P-A. Kolozof, A.B. Florou, K. Spyrou, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Sens. Actuators B* 304 (2020) 127268.
- [9] M.G. Trachioti, D. Hemzal, J. Hrbac, M.I. Prodromidis, *Sens. Actuators B* 310 (2020) 127871.

Works made in our lab

Sensors & Actuators: B. Chemical 281 (2019) 273–280

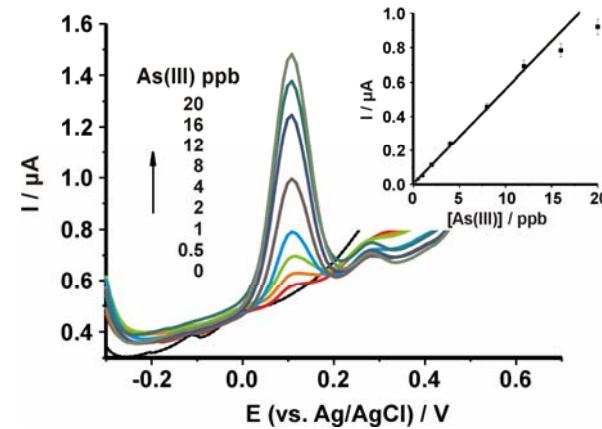
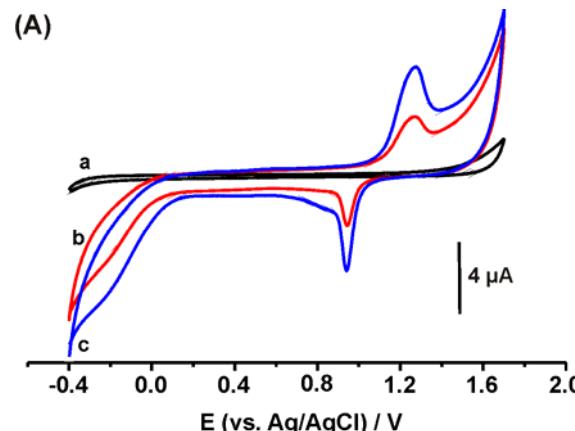


Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

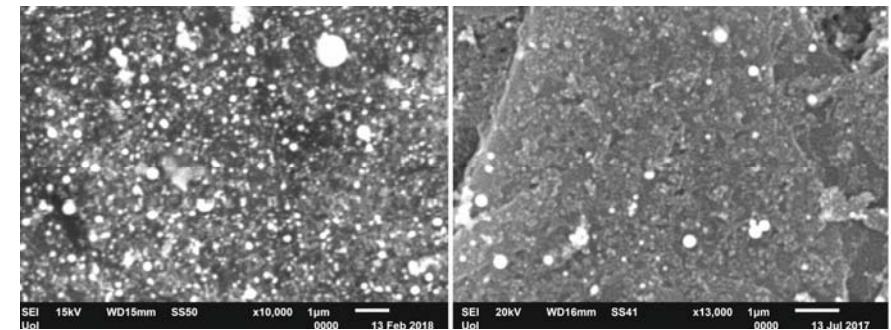
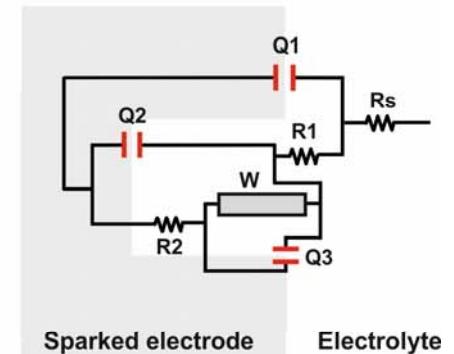
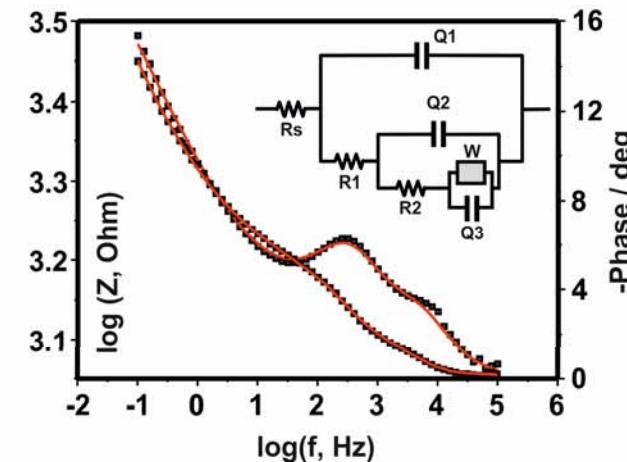
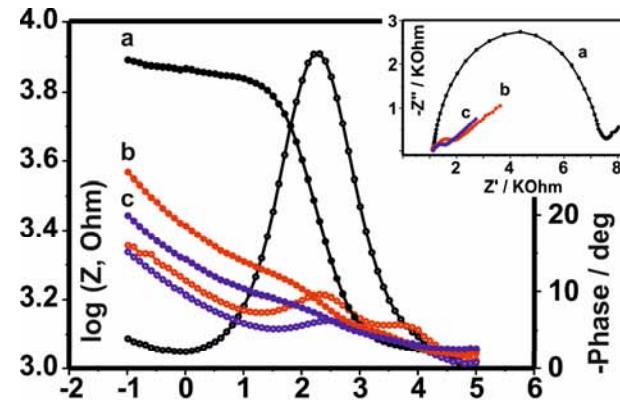
Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/snab

Low-cost screen-printed sensors on-demand: Instantly prepared sparked gold nanoparticles from eutectic Au/Si alloy for the determination of arsenic at the sub-ppb level

Maria G. Trachioti^a, Alexandros E. Karantzalis^b, Jan Hrbac^c, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}^a Department of Chemistry, University of Ioannina (UoI), Ioannina, 45110, Greece^b Department of Materials Science and Engineering, UoI, Ioannina, 451 10, Greece^c Department of Chemistry, Masaryk University, 625 00, Brno, Czech Republic

Faradic Impedance : AuNPs “rich” and “poor” electrode surface/electrolyte interfaces



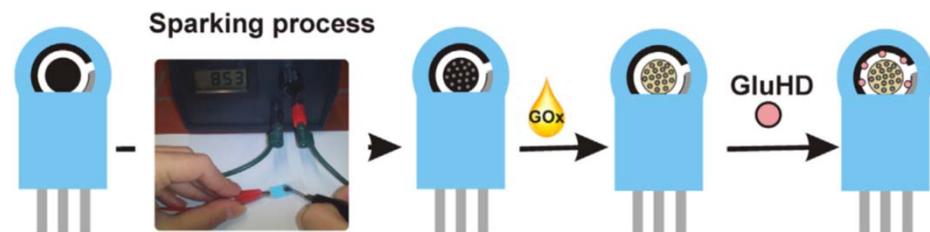
Research Outputs & Prototypes: Detection of “date rape” drug flunitrazepam



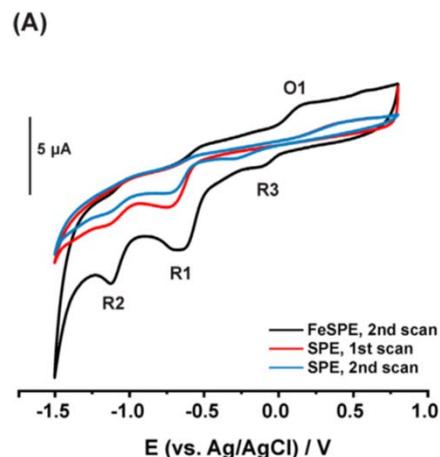
Biosensors and Bioelectronics 132 (2019) 136–142

Lab-on-a-screen-printed electrochemical cell for drop-volume voltammetric screening of flunitrazepam in untreated, undiluted alcoholic and soft drinks

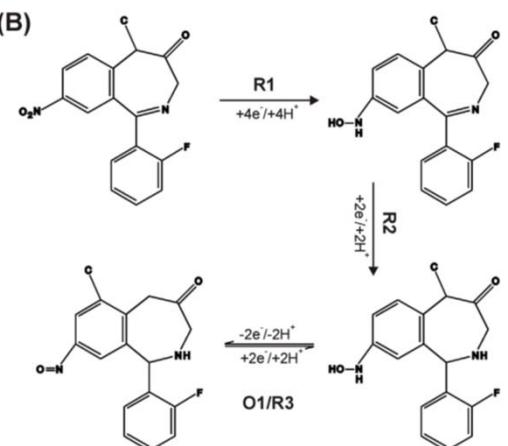
Fotini Tseliou^a, Periklis Pappas^b, Konstantinos Spyrou^c, Jan Hrbac^d, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}



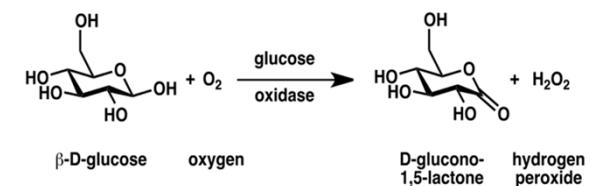
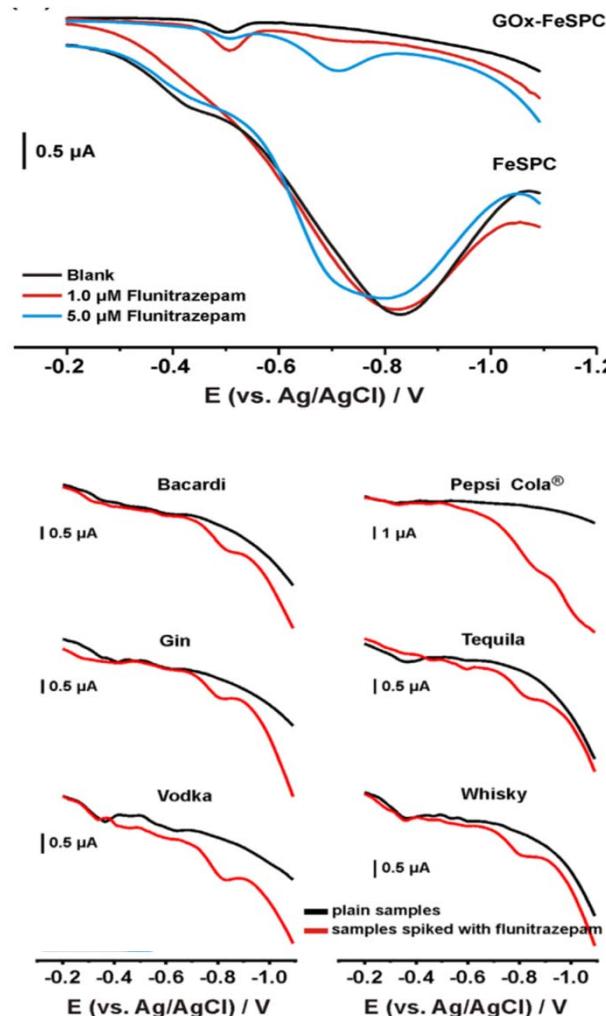
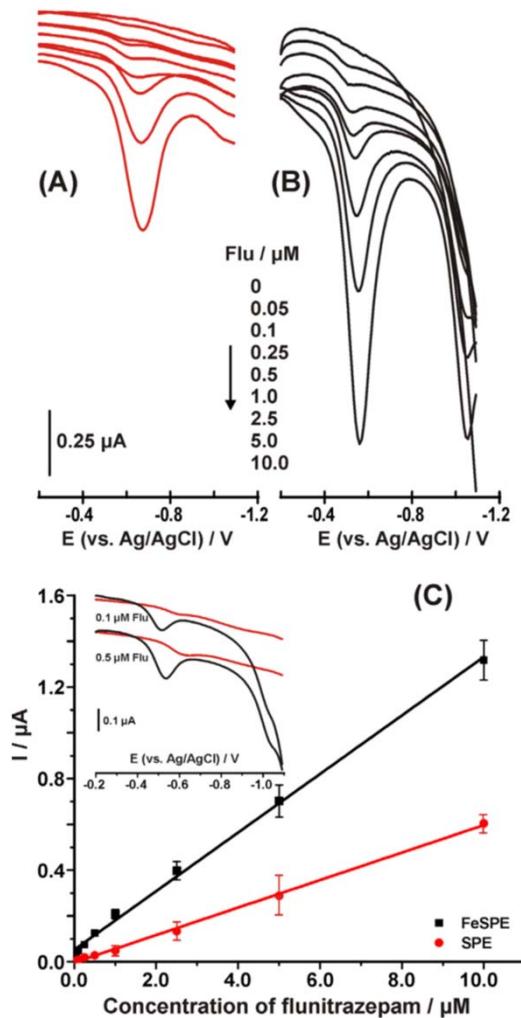
(A)



(B)



Direct drop-volume of flunitrazepam in undiluted, untreated spirits and soft drinks



Research Outputs & Prototypes: Point-of-care medical diagnostic devices



Sensors & Actuators: B. Chemical 304 (2020) 127356

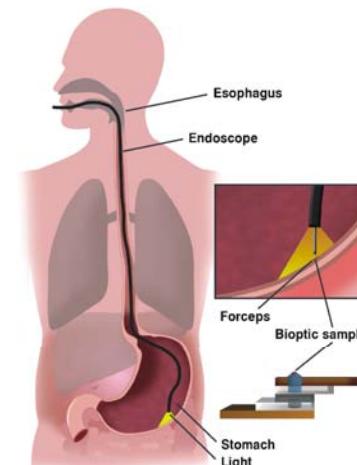
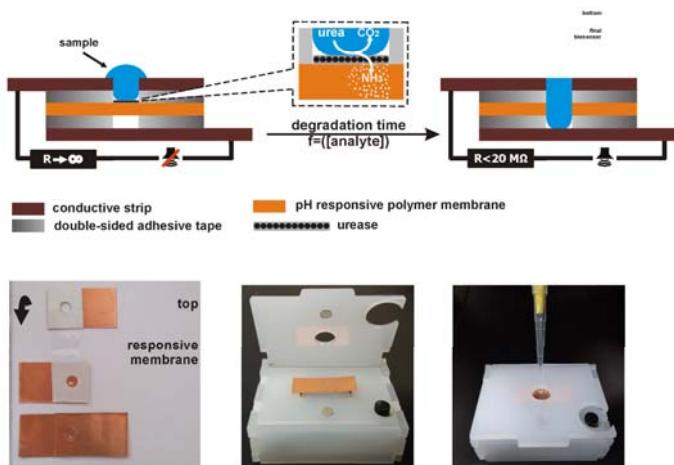
A portable medical diagnostic device utilizing free-standing responsive polymer film-based biosensors and low-cost transducer for point-of-care applications

Eleni I. Tzianni^a, Jan Hrbac^b, Dimitrios K. Christodoulou^c, Mamas I. Prodromidis^{a,*}

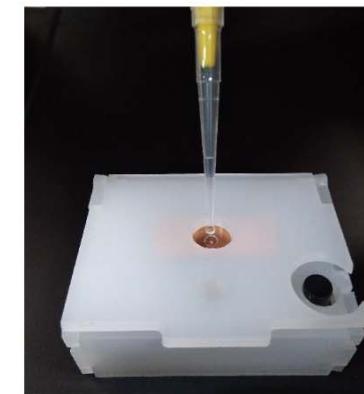
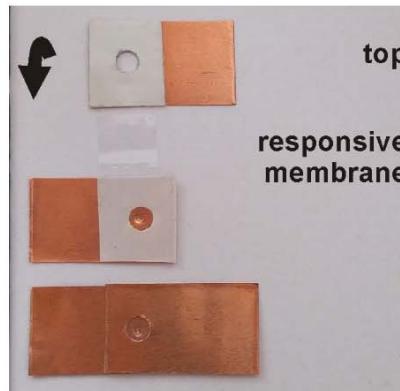
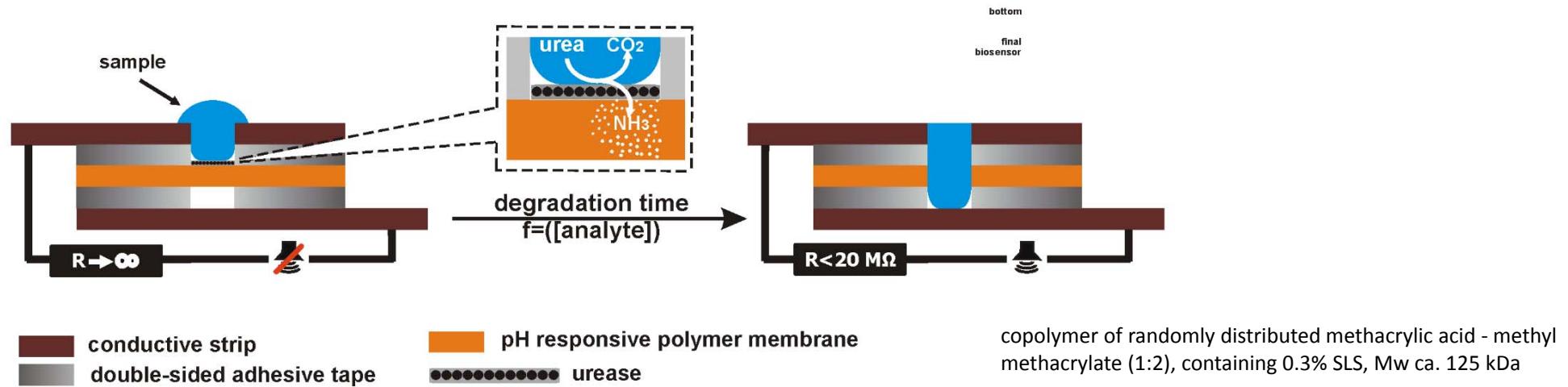
^aDepartment of Chemistry, University of Ioannina, 45 110 Ioannina, Greece

^bDepartment of Chemistry, Masaryk University, 625 00 Brno, Czech Republic

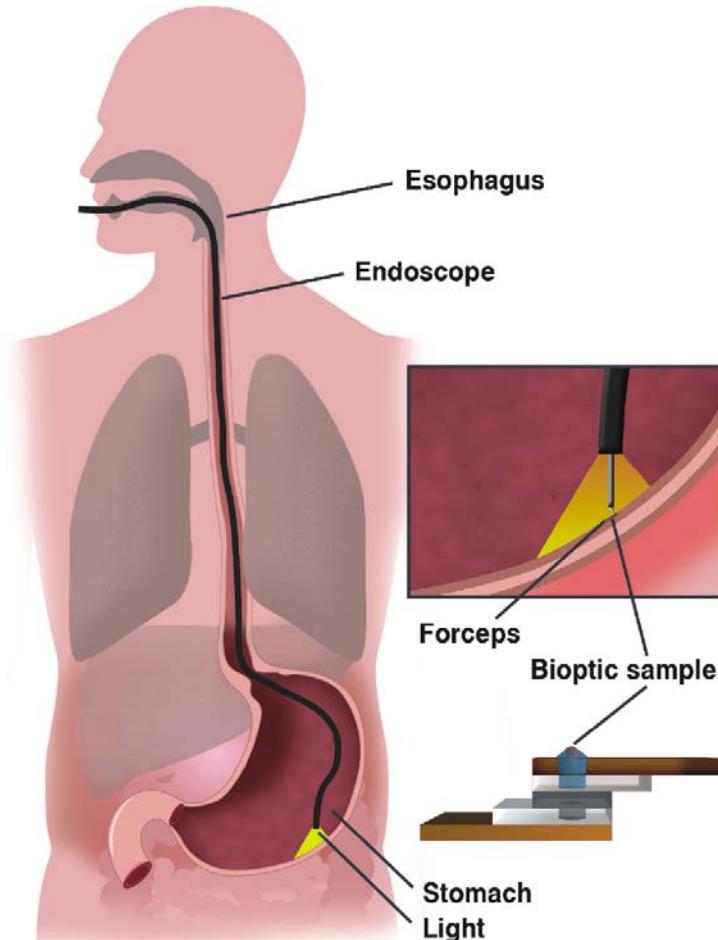
^cDepartment of Gastroenterology, University Hospital of Ioannina, 45 110 Ioannina, Greece



Research Outputs & Prototypes: Determination of urea in undiluted, untreated urine



Research Outputs & Prototypes: Near-patient detection of *H. Pylori* infection



H. Pylori infection results in synthesis of significant amount of urease by the microbe in gastric.



Sample	BioPoC biosensor	CLO® test
1	P	P
2	P	P
3	P	P/N
4	N	N
5	N	N
6	N	N
7	N	N
8	N	N
9	N	N
10	N	N
11	N	N
12	N	N
13	P	P
14	N	N
15	N	N
16	N	N
17	P	P
18	N	N
19	N	N
20	N	N

The Group and collaborators

Prof. Mamas Prodromidis, Editor-in-Chief Microchimica Acta (IF. 6.23)

Dr. Aggeliki Florou, Senior Researcher - Laboratory Teaching Staff

Mrs. Maria Trachioti, PhD candidate

Mrs. Eleni Tzianni, PhD candidate

Mr. Alexandros Lazanas, PhD candidate

Mr. Athanasios Kolovos, PhD candidate

Mr. Anastasios Papavasiliou, Master student

Mrs. Hera Sdoukou, Master student

Mr. Stamatios Argyroudis, Master student

Mrs. Maria Siampani, Master student

Prof. Jan Hrbac, Masaryk University, Brno, Czech Republic

Prof. Anastasios Economou, University of Athens, Greece

Prof. Ciara O' Sullivan, University Rovira I Virgili, Tarragona, Spain

Prof. Dimitrios Christodoulou, University Hospital of Ioannina, Greece

Prof. Apostolos Avgeropoulos, University of Ioannina, Greece

Lchem Ltd. Olomouc, Czech Republic

eTRIS electronic applications, Kilkis, Greece



A large, colorful word cloud centered around the words "thank you". The word "thank" is at the top center in blue, and "you" is below it in yellow. Numerous other words in different languages are scattered around, such as "danke" in German, "gracias" in Spanish, "merci" in French, "mochchakkeram" in Korean, and many more. The words are in various colors and sizes, creating a dense and diverse visual representation of gratitude in multiple languages.